# **SOCR 2025 MDP Project Summaries**

The project profiles below describe the main SOCR MDP R&D Projects for 2025 https://www.socr.umich.edu/html/SOCR Research.html

GDrive: <a href="https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/167WZJZodb0lwqi5am4XSkd1ccgqCfV0H">https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/167WZJZodb0lwqi5am4XSkd1ccgqCfV0H</a>

GSlides: https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1TKBOdN537X24TqGNAB9VwYKSAuArGNHkPkqe3Vk\_uhg

**SOCR Project Leaders**:

Programming: Simeone Marino, Alex Kalinin, Ivo Dinov

Methods (CBDA, GrayRain/VH, DataSifter): Simeone Marino

Analytics: Simeone Marino, Wei-Cheng Chiang, Ivo Dinov

Spacekime Analytics: Yueyang Shen, Ivo Dinov

Al/ML: Yueyang Shen, Ryan Kwong, Achu Shankar, Ivo Dinov

## **SOCR Trainees/Students**

**Project Summaries** 

Project Area	Skills	Likely Majors
Programming Subteam: SOCRAT	UI/UX design, HTML5, JavaScript,	Computer Science (CSE/CS-LSA)
(Charts, Wrangler, Modeler,	Adobe Illustrator, Canvas	School of Information (SI)
Analyses, Tools) (2-3 students)		
TensorFlow.JS	https://js.tensorflow.org	Computer Science (CSE/CS-LSA)
	https://js.tensorflow.org/api/latest/	
<u>UKBB t-SNE</u> , <u>BrainViewer</u>	https://codepen.io/pen?&editors=1011	
Methods (CBDA & DataSifter)	Technical math background, R-	Math, CS, Eng, Physics, Stats, STEM
(4 students)	computing	
DataSifter & CBDA & GrayRain/VH		
AI/ML Methods	Develop Reinforcement Learning,	Math, CS, Eng, Physics, Stats, STEM
(2-4 students)	and deep networks methods	
Analytics	R/Python, statistical modeling, high-	Statistics, Biostatistics,
(4 students)	throughput data analytics, machine	Bioinformatics
<u>TDA</u>	learning	Math
Biomed/Health Applications (see		Computer Science (CSE/CS-LSA)
<u>Case-Studies</u> )		
Spacekime Analytics (sub-team –	Information measures, entropy KL	Physics, math, or engineering
working directly with the PI)	divergence, PDEs, Dirac's bra-ket,	background is preferred
(4 students)	Wheeler-DeWitt Equation, operators.	
www.spacekime.org	See <u>The Enigmatic Kime: Time</u>	
	<u>Complexity in Data Science</u> at the	
	<u>University of Michigan Institute for</u>	
	<u>Data Science (MIDAS) Seminar Series</u> ,	
	Slidedeck, YouTube video of this	
	seminar	

#### **SOCR Computing servers**:

- ARC-TS: https://arc-ts.umich.edu/open-ondemand/
- SOCR-RShiny: rcompute.nursing.umich.edu
- SOCR-Lighthouse: https://lighthouse.arc-ts.umich.edu (Lighthouse User Guide)

# **SOCR AI Bot Project**

SOCR Project Leaders: Simeone Marino, Ryan Kwon, Achu Shankar, Yueyang Shen, Ivo Dinov

Website: https://rcompute.nursing.umich.edu/SOCR AI Bot/

GitHub: https://github.com/SOCR/

GDrive: <a href="https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1pfekobc2oz4v7rO4PD7HasWekC1UGd04">https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1pfekobc2oz4v7rO4PD7HasWekC1UGd04</a>

https://socr.umich.edu/GAIM/

# Description

Review this new <u>DSPA2 Appendix</u> (**Appendix 9**: <u>OpenAI Synthetic Text, Image and Code Generation</u>), which illustrates the basics of using GPT3 (and <u>Chat-OpenAI-GPT3</u>) for fast, some-what-impressive, and application-ready (pragmatic) demonstrations. Here are the key points:

- We want to quickly develop an RShiny app that allows us to deploy a more interactive app with users able
  to enter their own text/instructions to drive the synthetic text, image and code simulation on-the-fly. In the
  DSPA2 Appendix 9, we demonstrate that, but the code/examples are frozen in the HTML page, only the
  SVG plotly graphics are dynamic. Ideally, we make this all a UX/UI.
- Review this simple syntax for calling the <a href="OpenAl API">OpenAl API</a> (which can be done in Python or R, albeit for brevity, we are demoing only the R version in Appendix 9). I am hoping you and the team will be able to take this to the next phase make it more reliable, get better results, generalize to 3D volumes, compare against the GAN/DNN 2D image & 3D volume synth results we already have, and think of other creative ideas!
- We need your review and suggestions on how to expand, improve, augment or better utilize the OpenAl
  infrastructure in all SOCR projects.
- Mind that each OpenAI user gets only 3-months and \$18 credits to run jobs for free (and then billing starts) .... This is unfortunate, but this is their business-model! I'm counting on you to figure out a way for us to run a SOCR-only OpenAI service, where we get the RCompute server to listen to our OpenAI calls (so that we don't need to be charged for each query/request). How can we do that? We need to dive deeper into this and discuss follow-up calls.
- The Source Rmd file that generated the <u>DSPA2 Appendix 9</u> is included as a template. Please don't share
  this and don't run too many instances with the SOCR OpenAl API account credentials (see instructions on
  the top of Rmd source, follow these guidelines, establish your account and use your secure-<u>API</u>-keys for
  testing/validation. For some reason the embedding of the keys in my <u>.Renviron</u> file did not initially work
  (Why?).

# Student Skills

- Stats/DS/ML/AI, EECS, Computer Science (CSE/CS-LSA) and School of Information (SI)
- UI/UX design, HTML5, JavaScript

#### **Deliverables**

- Expanded functionality, integrate with <u>SOCR GR VH Webapp</u> and <u>SOCR Clustering app</u>
- Improve the synth gen-Al generation (text, images and code).
- Explore alternative free AI API Cloud services to gain access to more powerful AI pretrained models
- Customize these modern, e.g., transfer learning, to medical images (2D) and brain volumes (3D)

## **Team Activities**

- Weekly team Zoom meetings
- Join/present the SOCR All-Hands Calls (twice a month, SOCR Zoom channel)

- Video1, Video2
- GSlidedeck
- Review the provided references, discuss with team-members, and unleash your creative side!
- Tools: https://monai.io/, https://build.nvidia.com/nvidia/maisi, https://github.com/Project-MONAI/tutorials
- Datasets: https://github.com/openmedlab/Awesome-Medical-Dataset?tab=readme-ov-file

# **SOCR MDP Project: SOCRAT**

SOCR Project Leaders: Alex Kalinin / Ivo Dinov

Website: <a href="https://socr.umich.edu/HTML5/SOCRAT/">https://socr.umich.edu/HTML5/SOCRAT/</a>
GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/SOCR/SOCRAT">https://github.com/SOCR/SOCRAT</a>
https://github.com/SOCR/socr-tutorials

GDrive: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1UrNpNDI5sWoXW61YwP02NSv3PBbxfvpC

# Description

The Statistics Online Computational Resource Analytics Toolbox (SOCRAT) is a Dynamic Web Toolbox for Interactive Data Processing, Analysis, and Visualization. It's purely built using HTML5 standards and JavaScript (core library) as well as node.js,

#### **Student Skills**

- EECS, Computer Science (CSE/CS-LSA) and School of Information (SI)
- UI/UX design, HTML5, JavaScript

# **Project Goals**

- Add most classical parametric and nonparametric statistical tests! To transfer the old SOCR Java Analyses to HTML5/JS.
  - https://socr.umich.edu/html/ana/
  - Java code: https://github.com/SOCR/SOCR-Java/tree/master/src/edu/ucla/stat/SOCR
- Go through the Training Modules, practice HTML/JS/Angular/Node programming
- Get your GitHub domain going and pull current SOCRAT branch
- Choose 1-2 deliverables, go over current design, start expansion, include unit tests, pilot development
- Coordinate with team

#### **Deliverables**

- Expanded collection of Charts
- Expanded collection of Data-Modelers
- Expanded collection of (parametric and non-parametric) Statistical Analyses
- Expanded collection of machine learning classification, prediction, clustering and analytics modules.

#### **Team Activities**

- Weekly team Zoom meetings
- Code review (pull/push Github requests)
- Join/present the SOCR All-Hands Calls (twice a month, SOCR Zoom channel)

### References

- Review the websites
- Alexandr A. Kalinin, Selvam Palanimalai, and Ivo D. Dinov. 2017. SOCRAT Platform Design: A Web Architecture for Interactive Visual Analytics Applications. In Proceedings of HILDA'17, Chicago, IL, USA, May 14, 2017, 6 pages. <u>DOI:10.1145/3077257.3077262</u>

IDE for development (Eclipse, WebStorm, IntelliJ, Netbeans, ..., RStuio, Spyder/Py)

# **SOCR MDP Project: Methods: CBDA**

**SOCR Project Leaders**: Simeone Marino

Website: <a href="http://socr.umich.edu/HTML5/CBDA/">http://socr.umich.edu/HTML5/CBDA/</a>
<a href="http://socr.umich.edu/HTML5/CBDA/">https://github.com/SOCR/CBDA</a>

C-RAN Package: <a href="https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/CBDA">https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/CBDA</a>

Training Modules: http://socr.umich.edu/HTML5/CBDA/

GDrive: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1hjwtgz64A\_IUsnRK1gv7mGSJ3HdBHaRW\_

# **Description**

The SOCR Compressive Big Data Analytics (CBDA) Project conducts research and implements efficient computational algorithms to tackle the Big Data problems of representation and analysis of complex heterogeneous information. Big Data cannot be loaded and processed as a whole. CBDA implements a real-time efficient divide-and-conquer strategy to deconstruct the Big Data into meaningful pieces of information that can be eventually reconstructed for actionable knowledge and predictive analytics.

#### **Student Skills**

- Probability, stats, math, numerical methods, optimization
- R programming with RStudio (IDE) experience

# **Project Goals**

- Go through the provided materials and references
- Download the CBDA Package
- Practice with test-cases (<a href="https://umich.instructure.com/courses/38100/files/folder/Case">https://umich.instructure.com/courses/38100/files/folder/Case</a> Studies)
- Identify specific R&D direction to go deeper into, and meaningfully contribute to CBDA
- Coordinate with team

## **Deliverables**

- New CBDA methods
- Expanded collection of machine learning forecasting, prediction, classification, clustering methods to expand the available CBDA algorithms
- Release new versions of CBDA R package and publish CBDA #2 manuscript
- Python/Perl scripts to speed up the subsampling strategy with Big Data > 100Gb-1Tb

#### **Team Activities**

- Weekly team face-to-face/Zoom meetings
- Code review (pull/push Github requests)
- Join/present the SOCR All-Hands Calls (twice a month, SOCR Zoom channel)

- Review the websites
- Marino S, Xu J, Zhao Y, Zhou N, Zhou Y, Dinov, ID. (2018) Controlled feature selection and compressive big data analytics: Applications to biomedical and health studies, PLoS ONE 13(8): e0202674, DOI: 10.1371/journal.pone.0202674.
- Marino, S, Zhao, Y, Zhou, N, Zhou, Y, Toga, AW, Zhao, L, Jian, Y, Yang, Y, Chen, Y, Wu, Q, Wild, J, Cummings, B, Dinov, ID. (2020). Compressive Big Data Analytics: An ensemble meta-algorithm for high-dimensional multisource datasets, PLoS ONE, 15(8):e0228520, DOI: 10.1371/journal.pone.0228520.

# **SOCR MDP Project: Methods: DataSifter**

**SOCR Project Leaders**: Simeone Marino

Website: https://DataSifter.org

GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/SOCR/DataSifter">https://github.com/SOCR/DataSifter</a>

C-RAN Package: (lite version pending)
Training Modules: <a href="https://DataSifter.org">https://DataSifter.org</a>

GDrive: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1jVT5pTa\_n8xHjUszn1u5gwTzyvPLtszj

## **Description**

The SOCR DataSifter is a novel method, and an efficient R package, for on-the-fly de-identification of structured Clinical/Epic/PHI data. This approach provides complete administrative control over the risk of data identification when sharing large clinical cohort-based medical data. At the extremes, the data-governor may specify that either null data or completely identifiable data is generated and shared with the data-requester. This decision may be based on data-governor determined criteria about access level, research needs, etc. For instance, to stimulate innovative pilot studies, the data office may dial up the level of protection (which may naturally devalue the information content in the data), whereas for more established and trusted investigators, the data governors may provide a more egalitarian dataset that balances preservation of information content and sensitive-information protection.

#### Student Skills

- Probability, stats, math, numerical methods, optimization
- R programming with RStudio (IDE) experience

# **Project Goals**

- Go through the provided materials and references
- Download the DataSifter-lite Package
- Practice with test-cases (https://umich.instructure.com/courses/38100/files/folder/Case Studies)
- Identify specific R&D direction to go deeper into and meaningfully contribute to DataSifter methods, implementation and/or validation
- Coordinate with team
- Examine the open-source Generative Pre-trained Transformer 3 (GPT-3), autoregressive language DL model, which has shown some impressive results in synthetic generation of human-like text/speech.
  - Try to integrate with DataSifterText (perhaps for the next paper)?
  - https://github.com/openai/gpt-3
  - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/GPT-3
  - o https://arxiv.org/abs/2005.14165

#### **Deliverables**

- Test this Python <u>SDV</u> package <u>https://ealizadeh.com/blog/sdv-library-for-modeling-datasets https://sdv.dev/SDV/user\_guides/evaluation/index.html</u>
- Remember we use the R-package charlatan: https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/charlatan/index.html
- See: https://bmcmedresmethodol.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s12874-020-00977-1
- Implement these new privacy metrics:

https://sdv.dev/SDV/user\_guides/evaluation/single\_table\_metrics.html#privacy-metrics

- New DataSifter methods/algorithms (e.g., addressing text, time-varying, graph data organizations)
- Release new versions of DataSifter R package
- Coordinate/support collaborators

#### **Team Activities**

- Weekly team face-to-face/Zoom meetings
- Code review (pull/push Github requests)
- Join/present the SOCR All-Hands Calls (twice a month, SOCR Zoom channel)

**New DataSifter Paper** - DataSifterLevel: A Non-parametric Decision-making in Statistical Obfuscattion of Sensitive Information

Goal: Develop a new method for solving a critical outstanding problem in the practical utilization of the DataSifter Algorithm - determination of an appropriate level of obfuscation. Our prior work has demonstrated and validated the power of the DataSifter technique to desensitize sensitive information and facilitate data sharing that balances preservation of data *utility* (data value or energy) and diminishing the *risks* of leakage of sensitive information (data privacy protection). We have extended the core DataSifter method to handle both time-varying (longitudinal) and unstructured (text) data elements. We employ the same strategy used in *parametric* Fisherian statistical inference and *non-parametric* randomization inference for bijective mapping between observed data-driven statistics (*critical values*) and their corresponding likelihoods (*probability values*). Specifically, in this new study, we propose and validate a new algorithm to quantify the relation between (investigator-controlled) *level-of-obfuscation* (*LOO*) *parameter* and a likelihood probability measure corresponding to the relative benefits-to-risk (BTR) ratio (utility/risk). The bivariate relation between LOO↔BTR resembles the classical relation between statistics and p-values and the <u>ROC curve relation</u> between true-positive-rate (sensitivity) and the false-positive-rate (1-specificity). We use <u>resampling</u> and <u>randomization</u> to provide data-driven estimation and untangle the LOO↔BTR relationship.

Also productize and report/publish the DataSifter Longitudinal Obfuscator (DSLO)

- Review the websites
- Marino, S, Zhou, N, Zhao, Yi, Wang, L, Wu Q, and Dinov, ID. (2019) DataSifter: Statistical Obfuscation of Electronic Health Records and Other Sensitive Datasets, Journal of Statistical Computation and Simulation, 89(2): 249–271, DOI: 10.1080/00949655.2018.1545228.
- Zhou, N, Wang, L, Marino, S, Zhao, Y, Dinov, ID. (2022), <u>DataSifter II: Partially Synthetic Data Sharing of Sensitive Information Containing Time-varying Correlated Observations</u>, <u>Journal of Algorithms & Computational Technology</u>, 15:1–17, DOI: 10.1177/17483026211065379.
- Zhou, N., Wu, Q., Wu, Z., Marino, S., Dinov, ID. (2022) <u>DataSifterText: Partially Synthetic Text Generation for Sensitive Clinical Notes</u>, <u>Journal of Medical Systems</u>, 46(96):1-14, DOI: <u>10.1007/s10916-022-01880-6</u>.

# **SOCR MDP Project:**

# R&D: Dynamic Mode Decomposition (DMD) Spacetime Analytics

SOCR Project Leaders: Yueyang Shen, Ivo Dinov

Website: <a href="http://dmdbook.com/">http://dmdbook.com/</a>

GitHub: TBD

**Training Modules:** 

GDrive: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1hwEq72iKOHpBzxk0i-3B1g14YGlbbOCg

# **Description**

Dynamic mode decomposition (DMD) is a technique for modeling spatiotemporal dynamical systems. DMD decomposes complex flows into a simple representation based on spatiotemporal coherent structures. DMD is an equation-free data-driven method capable of providing an accurate decomposition of a complex system into spatiotemporal coherent structures that may be used for short-time futurestate prediction and control.

#### **Student Skills**

- Math, Physics, computational stats
- Engineering/STEM

# **Project Goals**

- Implement a new DMD R package
- Compare DMD against spacekime analytics (TCIU R package)

#### References

See GDrive partition

. . .

# **SOCR MDP Project: Webapps & Data Analytics**

SOCR Project Leaders: Simeone Marino, Ivo Dinov

**Website**: <many, e.g., <a href="http://socr.umich.edu/HTML5">http://socr.umich.edu/HTML5</a>>

GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/SOCR/ALS\_PA">https://github.com/SOCR/ALS\_PA</a>

Training Modules: http://DSPA2.predictive.space

GDrive: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1sN1fLYA0oLf1I4e1REJRthaMD0jXBs7w

# **Description**

The SOCR Webapp & Data Analytics projects are focused on interrogating massive amounts of complex biomedical and health data. Each project tackles multiple case-studies using R/RMD/RStudio, RShiny Services, and Python/Jupyter Notebook and the SOCR-Flux Compute Server (https://docs.google.com/document/d/1UmBg\_BMiMeUcijvKUCzPeG3tKZaWkinVtKrVWenPK1Y). The webapp

# **Student Skills**

• Biostats, quantitative analytics, probability, stats, math, numerical methods, optimization

development will use R markdown notebook, RShiny web-servers, and Google BigQuery Datasets.

R programming with RStudio (IDE) experience, and/or Python/Jupyter Notebook

# **Project Goals**

- Go through the provided materials and references
- Review the SOCR Data Analytics Publications (<a href="http://socr.umich.edu/people/dinov/publications.html">http://socr.umich.edu/people/dinov/publications.html</a>)
- Review the SOCR R-environment (<a href="https://drive.google.com/file/d/1-u9adsMIYmMkcPD9W\_6BbfC1IMETsHF\_/">https://drive.google.com/file/d/1-u9adsMIYmMkcPD9W\_6BbfC1IMETsHF\_/</a>)
- Practice with test-cases (<a href="https://umich.instructure.com/courses/38100/files/folder/Case">https://umich.instructure.com/courses/38100/files/folder/Case</a> Studies)
- Identify specific case-study and an R&D direction to go deeper into, and meaningfully contribute
- Coordinate with team

#### **Deliverables**

- New SOCR end-to-end data analytics protocols
- Analytical results, abstracts, publications, presentations, research findings, etc.
- MIMIC-III analytics
- Baby-growth and mother-obesity relations
- Data Value Metric (DVM)
- European Economics Indicators (longitudinal analytics)
- 2D. 3D. 4D Visualization of complex data
- Coordinate/support collaborators

#### **Team Activities**

- Weekly team face-to-face/Zoom meetings
- Code review (pull/push Github requests)
- Join/present the SOCR All-Hands Calls (twice a month, SOCR Zoom channel)

#### References

- Review the websites and listed resources
- https://rcompute.nursing.umich.edu/
- http://myumi.ch/O49zG
- ...

We are looking for 1-2 students to develop a new **SOCR model for an RShiny module architecture** that we can have a very light-weight RShiny apps start, and as the user requests more/higher-level functionality, we dynamically load in additional modules (functions) reflecting user needs, requests, and access type.

In essence, we are looking to mimic how RStudio starts just with R base and then all other functionalities needed for analytics are to be dynamically loaded via package/library load.

Here are some sources that demonstrate modular design of RShiny apps:

- https://www.r-bloggers.com/2019/01/the-shiny-module-design-pattern/
- https://shiny.rstudio.com/articles/modules.html
- https://shiny.rstudio.com/articles/communicate-bet-modules.html
- https://engineering-shiny.org/structuring-project.html

If you are interested in this project, please contact Simeone directly.

# **SOCR MDP Project:** Data Analytics - MIMIC III/IV & UKBB

SOCR Project Leaders: Simeone Marino, Ivo Dinov

Website: TBD

GitHub: https://github.com/SOCR

**Training Modules:** 

- Data Science & Predictive Analytics: http://DSPA.predictive.space
- Previous SOCR Data Analytics Publications: <a href="http://socr.umich.edu/people/dinov/publications.html">http://socr.umich.edu/people/dinov/publications.html</a>
- Gaining access to the dataset requires an online training module; see onboarding materials below https://drive.google.com/drive/u/1/folders/1Y6Ygg1CuTkHQ5rZg-C9r8 je18nM886l

**GDrive**: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1sN1fLYA0oLf1I4e1REJRthaMD0jXBs7w

# **Description**

This SOCR Data Analytics project is focused on interrogating the MIMIC-III database, a large collection of ~43,000 critical care patients from an ICU in Boston, MA. We will use R/RStudio, Python/Jupyter, and the SOCR-Flux Compute Server¹ to digest the vital signs, laboratory results, free-text data, and waveforms available in this unique dataset and predict clinical outcomes via statistical modeling tools.

## <sup>1</sup>SOCR-Flux Compute server:

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1UmBg\_BMiMeUcijvKUCzPeG3tKZaWkinVtKrVWenPK1Y

# **Student Skills**

- Biostats, quantitative analytics, probability, stats, math, numerical methods
- Programming experience in R (with RStudio) or Python (with Jupyter Notebook)
- Relational databases & structured query language (SQL)

#### **Project Goals**

- Review the provided materials and references (see above)
- Request access to the MIMIC-III dataset (https://mimic.physionet.org/gettingstarted/access/)
  - o This involves an online but comprehensive human subjects research ethics course
- Practice with demo dataset (<a href="https://physionet.org/works/MIMICIIIClinicalDatabaseDemo/">https://physionet.org/works/MIMICIIIClinicalDatabaseDemo/</a>) and the MIMIC Query Builder (<a href="https://querybuilder-lcp.mit.edu/dashboard.cgi">https://querybuilder-lcp.mit.edu/dashboard.cgi</a>)
- Identify specific research aims and questions of interest to the team
- Coordinate with team to create a reproducible, accessible answer to these specific aims

#### **Deliverables**

- New SOCR end-to-end data analytics protocols
- Data extraction & time-alignment tools for the MIMIC-III dataset
- Build statistical models to predict meaningful clinical outcomes
- Analytical results, abstracts, publications, presentations, research findings, etc.
- Visualization of complex, multidimensional data

## **Team Activities**

- Weekly team face-to-face/Zoom meetings
- Code review (pull/push Github requests)
- Join/present the SOCR All-Hands Calls (twice a month, SOCR Zoom channel)
- Start using the latest MIMIC-IV multimodal data
  - https://physionet.org/content/mimiciv/2.0/
  - https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1REu-ofzNzgsTT1cxLHlegPB0nGmwKaM0

# **SOCR MDP Project:**

# Interactive Graphical Probability Distribution Calculator

SOCR Project Leader: Pranjal Srivastava, ..., (Mark Bobrovnikov, Jared Chai), Ivo Dinov

Website: <a href="http://Distributome.org">http://Distributome.org</a> &

https://shiny.med.umich.edu/apps/dinov/SOCR DistribCalc RShiny App/

GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/distributome">https://github.com/distributome</a>

Training Modules: <a href="https://github.com/SOCR/socr-tutorials">https://github.com/SOCR/socr-tutorials</a> & <a href="https://github.com/socr-tutorials">https://github.com/socr-tutorials</a> & <a

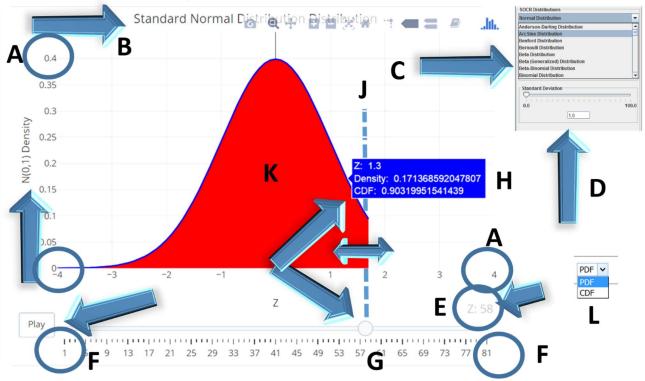
GDrive: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/184p8VNSOumYEG SOxlo4MyLVtang9xLY

**Goal**: Stand-alone RMD source and a demo HTML (RMD-output) that address the goal of the challenge, provide the desired functionality, and implement it efficiently, without any back-end support (e.g., no shiny server apps). **Deliverables**: Stand-alone RMD source and a demo HTML (RMD-output) that address the goal of the challenge, provide the desired functionality, and implement it efficiently.

# Background:

- Review DSPA Chapter 2 (for probability distributions) and Chapter 5 (for plot ly demos)
- See this DSPA Interactive Normal Probability CDF calculation tool.
- Review, experiment and play with the <u>Probability Distributome Calculators</u>. Try at least 2-dozen distributions what works well and what can be improved there? Mind the selection of parameters and the choice for function to plot (PDF, CDF).

**Desired Functionality**: The schematic below illustrates the core functionality of the interactive probability distribution calculator. Be creative in your solution.



- Include a drop-down list for the user to select the distribution
- Include an effective strategy to specify the parameters of the selected distribution, mind that the parameter number, interpretation and values will be different for different distributions.
- Make sure you keep the interactive aspect of the interface (plot ly style interactivity)
- Make sure all axes are appropriately scaled, labeled and drawn.

## **Functionality Annotations**

- A: x and y axes ranges and labels
- B: Appropriate title (placed to avoid overlaps
- **C**: Selection of the specific distribution should include at least 20 distributions, see class notes the Distributome Calculators.
- **D**: appropriate section of the specific distribution parameters

- E: cut off of the critical value (Z)
- F: Ranges of the animation slider should match the x-axis range (Z-values range)
- G: Play button and the animation point provide the manual user control over the critical value cut off
- **H**: Report the appropriate Z-values, density curve height, and cumulative distribution up to Z (i.e., P(X<Z))
- **J**: There should be a light-colored vertical line at the animation index == Z-value and extending up to the corresponding density height
- **K**: shaded area represents the integral CDF value .....
- L: Drop-down selected for plotting PDF, CDF or inverse-CDF (quantile) function to plot.

**Starting R Code**: The basic skeleton of one solution (using "plot\_ly") is included below. Many solutions are possible and you can start with anything you like, including this initial script.

```
library(magrittr); library(plotly)
select the right user-specified distribution (drop down list)
# Assuming Std Normal N(0,1) going down
# define the range
z < -seq(-4, 4, 0.1)
# points from -4 to 4 in 0.1 steps
# Define the quantile levels for the inverse-CDF (quantile) function)
q<-seq(0.001, 0.999, 0.01)
# probability quantile values from 0.1% to 99.9% in 0.1% steps
# define a DF containing Z, PDF and CDF
dStandardNormal <- data.frame(Z=z, Density=dnorm(z, mean=0, sd=1),
Distribution=pnorm(z, mean=0, sd=1))
# define an index feature
dStandardNormal$ID <- seq.int(nrow(dStandardNormal))</pre>
# Aggregate frames for interactive plot
aggregate by <- function(dataset, feature) {
feature <- lazyeval::f eval(feature, dataset)</pre>
levels <- plotly:::getLevels(feature)</pre>
aggData <- lapply(seq along(levels), function(x) {</pre>
cbind(dataset[feature %in% levels[seq(1, x)], ], frame = levels[[x]])
dplyr::bind rows(aggData)
# Apply the aggregate to ID index
dStandardNormal <- dStandardNormal %>% aggregate by(~ID)
# generate the Plot ly object
plotMe <- dStandard\overline{N}ormal %>% plot ly(x = ~Z, y = ~Density, frame = ~frame,
type = 'scatter', mode = 'lines', fill = 'tozeroy', fillcolor="red",
line = list(color = "blue"), text = ~paste("Z: ", Z, "
Density: ", Density, "CDF: ", Distribution), hoverinfo = 'text' ) %>%
layout (title = "Standard Normal Distribution Distribution",
# Specify the right distribution and its parameters!!!
yaxis = list( title = "N(0,1) Density", range = c(0,0.45),
zeroline = F, tickprefix = "" # density value
xaxis = list( title = "Z", range = c(-4,4), zeroline = T, showgrid = T ) ) %>%
animation opts (frame = 100, transition = 1, redraw = FALSE) %>%
animation slider( currentvalue = list( prefix = "Z: " ) )
# display interactive plot
```

The optimal solution will include RMD (source) and HTML output (webapp).

# Distributome RShiny R-package

Team: ...; Ivo Dinov

Develop a new SOCR team "<u>Distributome</u>" R package, read this <u>free ebook on how to document, build vignettes, construct, package, and validate a new R package</u> that can be <u>submitted to CRAN for peer review and inclusion in the CRAN archive</u>. I hope we can include at least 40+ distributions, and provide as much information for each, at least as much as it's available in the <u>Distributome meta-data XML</u> and as much as is available on Wikipedia.

- See the current release of the <u>Distributome RShiny App</u>: https://rcompute.nursing.umich.edu/DistributionCalculator/
- GitHub partition: <a href="https://github.com/SOCR/ProbDistCalc">https://github.com/SOCR/ProbDistCalc</a> RShiny
- SOCR Distributions Java Code: <a href="https://github.com/SOCR/SOCR-Java/tree/master/src/edu/ucla/stat/SOCR/distributions">https://github.com/SOCR/SOCR-Java/tree/master/src/edu/ucla/stat/SOCR/distributions</a>
- Look at "paramEstimate (double[] distData)" functions in each SOCR and UAH distribution, e.g., Poisson Distribution param Estimation

# Expand <u>SOCRAT Modeler</u> and <u>Probability Distribution Calculator</u> to a new <u>SOCR RShiny Modeler</u>, improving on the <u>SOCR Java Prob Modeler</u>

The current app (RShiny) includes examples of fitting of 2 Prob-Model Distributions to numerical -- *Normal* & *Gamma* distributions – these models show in the 3<sup>rd</sup> "Distributions" tab of the Newly skeletonized SOCR Modeler RShinyApp, which extends the DistributionCalculators and Histogram apps.

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1WzsUe0HD0iTWMiXvpc1I-Q2DwXJi6LYX

This is a great pilot project for any new student to complete the model fitting of all 78 distributions that are listed in the Global.R file.

#### Tasks:

- Expand the list of distribution model fits from Normal/Gamma to all 78 distributions
- Make the app robust (avoiding runtime errors)
- Handle categorical, string, incomplete datasets
- Manage tensors (2D, 3D+ arrays, etc. using our SOCR Copula model for multidimensional distributions
  - https://socr.umich.edu/HTML5/BivariateNormal/BVN2/
- Integrate with Clustering app, VH App, and other SOCR RShiny Apps
- Integrate these 2 SOCR RShiny Apps:
  - https://rcompute.nursing.umich.edu/SOCR Modeler app/
  - https://rcompute.nursing.umich.edu/SOCR Clustering/
  - o (and may be even this one) https://rcompute.nursing.umich.edu/DistributionCalculator/

Here are the JAVA files that contain for each distribution (file name) a method called "paramEstimate()", which we can quickly export from the Java source into R.

https://github.com/SOCR/SOCR-Java/tree/master/src/edu/ucla/stat/SOCR/distributions

Also the attached R-package source (ExtDist) also has the parameter estimation functions (e.g., eUniform()) for about 20-25 distributions.

Same for the EstimationTools R package .... (their source is online).

https://www.socr.umich.edu/html/SOCR Research.html

#### Multidimensional distributions:

Bobrovnikov, M, Chai, JT, and **Dinov**, ID. (2022) <u>Interactive Visualization and Computation of 2D and 3D Probability Distributions, SN Computer Science</u>, 3, 327, <u>DOI:</u> 10.1007/s42979-022-01206-w.

https://socr.umich.edu/HTML5/BivariateNormal/BVN2/

# Add Hazard and Survival function plots to PDF and CDF

Having analytical closed forms for the PDF (f) and CDF (F), the *Survival* and *Hazard* functions are defined as:

- The <u>survival function</u> is S(t) = 1 F(t), or the probability that a person (machine, process, or organization) lasts/survives longer than t time units, where F(t) is the usual CDF, i.e., the (tail) probability that the process lasts less than or equal to t time units.
- The <u>hazard function</u> is  $\lambda(t) = f(t)/S(t)$ , is the probability that a person (machine, process, or organization) dies/fails in the next instant, given that it lasted/survived up to the current time t.

We'll implement these modifications for the <u>Probability Distributome Calculators</u> and the <u>SOCR</u> Distribution Calculator & Modeler.

# SOCR MDP Project: <u>Data Science Fundamentals: Spacekime Analytics</u>

SOCR Project Leader: Yueyang Shen, Milen Velev, Ivo Dinov

Website: <a href="https://tciu.predictive.space">https://tciu.predictive.space</a>, <a href="https://tciu.predictive.space">www.spacekime.org</a>

GitHub: https://github.com/SOCR/TCIU

**Training Modules**: ODE/PDE, Kaluza-Klein Theory (<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kaluza-Klein theory">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kaluza-Klein theory</a>)
<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kaluza-Klein theory">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kaluza-Klein theory</a>)
<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kaluza-Klein theory">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kaluza-Klein theory</a>)
<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kaluza-Klein theory">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kaluza-Klein theory</a>)

## **Description**

The SOCR Data Science Fundamentals project will explore new theoretical representation and analytical strategies to understand large and complex data. It will utilize information measures, entropy KL divergence, PDEs, Dirac's bra-ket operators. This fundamentals of data science research project will explore time-complexity and inferential uncertainty in modeling, analysis and interpretation of large, heterogeneous, multi-source, multi-scale, incomplete, incongruent, and longitudinal data.

See The Enigmatic Kime: Time Complexity in Data Science (<a href="https://midas.umich.edu/event/midas-seminar-series-presents-ivo-d-dinov-phd-university-of-michigan/">https://midas.umich.edu/event/midas-seminar-series-presents-ivo-d-dinov-phd-university-of-michigan/</a>) at the University of Michigan Institute for Data Science (MIDAS) Seminar Series, Slidedeck

(http://socr.umich.edu/docs/uploads/2018/Dinov TCIU Kime MIDAS 2018.pdf).

#### Student Skills

- Physics, math or engineering background
- R programming with RStudio (IDE) experience, and/or Python/Jupyter Notebook, Python

## **Project Goals**

- Develop, validate and share a new <u>TCIU Python Package</u>, also see <u>TCIU GitHub repo</u>
- Go through the provided materials and references
- Review the current platform (will be provided)
- Perform 3D and 4D Plot\_Ly visualization of complex manifolds, including 5D space-kime and 2D-curved Kime.
- Identify specific case-study and an R&D direction to go deeper into, and meaningfully contribute
- Coordinate with team

# **Deliverables**

- Visualization protocols
- Math proofs of various physics properties in 5D Minkowski spacekime

# **Team Activities**

- Weekly team face-to-face/Zoom meetings
- Code review Join/present the SOCR All-Hands Calls (twice a month, SOCR Zoom channel)

#### **Key points**

- What is the problem? Use complex-time physics to formulate data science theory & practice
- Why is it important? There is currently no canonical theory for Big Data discovery science
- What is the SOCR Solution? Blend transdisciplinary knowledge to build a new Data Analytic method
- It's real; here it is (in a pilot form) ... demo ... See TCIU Video
- Why should you consider joining this SOCR-MDP Project? High-risk/high-potential yield project.

- Review the websites and listed resources
- TCIU Website: http://tciu.predictive.space/
- TCIU GitHub: https://github.com/SOCR/TCIU/
- Spacekime: www.SpaceKime.org
- The new Data Science/TCIU/Spacekime book (fully accessible) on the <u>publisher, De Gruyter, website</u> (via UMich IP address) and on UM Library (login required) site. More info is available on the TCIU website.

# **SOCR MDP Project: Al for Qualitative & Mixed-Type Data**

**SOCR Project Leaders**: Ivo Dinov **Website**: ...<TBD>... **GitHub**: ...<TBD>...

Training Modules: <see references below>

GDrive: <a href="https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1SGRi8axPaiWIAzYJXwdmSNJ7wXbwt0ay">https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1SGRi8axPaiWIAzYJXwdmSNJ7wXbwt0ay</a>

# Description

Develop new SOCR/DSPA AI/ML tools for representation, modeling, analysis, interrogation, visualization, and interpretation of (1) qualitative data, (2) mixed qualitative-and-quantitative data, and (3) meta-analyses

#### **Student Skills**

- EECS, Computer Science (CSE/CS-LSA) and School of Information (SI)
- AI/ML
- UI/UX design, HTML5, JavaScript

## **Project Goals**

- Build and validate Al/ML tools for qualitative data,
- Build and validate Al/ML tools for mixed qualitative-and-quantitative data,
- Build and validate Al/ML tools for meta-analyses

#### **Deliverables**

 Stand-alone Rmd notebooks with methods formulation, computational implementation and example utilization using simulated and real (observed) datasets.

# **Team Activities**

- Weekly team meetings
- Code review (pull/push Github requests)
- Join/present the SOCR All-Hands Calls (twice a month, SOCR Zoom channel)

# SOCR MDP Project: Synthetic 2D Image & 3D Volume Generation

SOCR Project Leaders: Achu Shankar, Ryan Kwon, Kaiming Cheng, Yueyang Shen, Ivo Dinov

GitHub: https://github.com/SOCR/DL\_ZNet\_3D\_BrainSeg

https://github.com/SOCR/DL ZNet 2D BrainSeg https://github.com/SOCR/DL AFUnet 3D BrainSeg

Training Modules: see background papers, R-packages, and tutorials listed below

GDrive: <a href="https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1adD9Kp3s">https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1adD9Kp3s</a> ZyiIFNCPIA6OmFrfuwA-i0H

Pilot RSHiny App: <a href="https://rcompute.nursing.umich.edu/SOCR ImgGenApp/">https://rcompute.nursing.umich.edu/SOCR ImgGenApp/</a>

https://socr.umich.edu/GAIM/

# **Description:**

This project aims to build a set of ML/Al tools and complete protocols that provide pragmatic mechanisms to generate realistic 2D images (e.g., faces or animals) or 3D volumes (e.g., brain MRI data). A number of different techniques can be used to generate synthetic data (including images/volumes, e.g., VAE, GAN, diffusion methods, Stochastic corruption, generative, and discriminative models, etc. Start by reading several of the papers listed below and playing with the code provided in them. Then, try some of the 2D, 3D and 4D hyper-volumes (data) referenced below and synthetically generate similar simulated cases.

## References:

- Papers
  - o https://paperswithcode.com/paper/diffusion-models-beat-gans-on-image-synthesis/review/?hl=32098
  - https://paperswithcode.com/paper/score-matching-model-for-unbounded-data-score-1/review/?hl=38037
  - o <a href="https://paperswithcode.com/paper/score-matching-model-for-unbounded-data-score-1">https://paperswithcode.com/paper/score-matching-model-for-unbounded-data-score-1</a>
  - See DSPA Chapter 22 (Deep Learning)
  - Papers with Code: <a href="https://paperswithcode.com/task/image-generation">https://paperswithcode.com/task/image-generation</a>

#### Additional Resources.

- Papers with Code: <a href="https://paperswithcode.com/task/image-generation">https://paperswithcode.com/task/image-generation</a>
- Datasets:
  - Brain Images:
    - Neuroimaging of a large group of healthy individuals from the community (138 subjects), as well as samples of individuals diagnosed with schizophrenia (58), bipolar disorder (49), and ADHD (45): <a href="https://openneuro.org/datasets/ds000030/versions/1.0.0">https://openneuro.org/datasets/ds000030/versions/1.0.0</a>. It's easy to get an account and download the data (80GB). All data is de-IDed/anonymized.
  - <u>3D data</u>: We can use the <u>3D Brain Tumor Segmentation (BraTS) image dataset for training and testing</u> .... Brain MR dataset contains 257 training images with corresponding labels and the dimensions of these MR images are 240\*240 with 155 slices and 4 different imaging modalities including T1 (T1-weighted), T1C (contrast enhanced T1-weighted), T2 (T2-weighted), and FLAIR (Fluid Attenuation Inversion Recovery).
    - See this recent pub: https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1746809421000550
  - o 2D images:
    - CIFAR-10; CIFAR-100
    - ImageNet
    - MNIST

- Cityscapes
- CelebA
- Fashion-MNIST
- CUB-200-2011
- STL-10
- Oxford 102 Flower
- 100\*100 grid/table of 2D PNG brain (MRI) images
- MONAI Medical Open Network for Artificial Intelligence (100K 2D images and 3D volumes for AI/ML)
  - o GitHub: https://github.com/Project-MONAI/tutorials
  - Project Site: https://monai.io/
- Review these references
  - See SOCR GitHub:
    - https://github.com/SOCR/DL AFUnet 3D BrainSeg
    - https://github.com/SOCR/DL ZNet 2D BrainSeg
    - https://github.com/SOCR/DL ZNet 3D BrainSeg
  - o See SOCR Papers/references
    - 10.3390/bioengineering10050581,
    - 10.1109/JTEHM.2022.3176737,
    - **.** ...
  - AI/ML in meta-analyses please see the attached PDF (AI MetaAnalyses ToolsSummary.pdf), which
    includes a dozen tools and an extensive article on the topic
  - AI/ML for qualitative data
    - See DSPA Chapter 11 (Association rules) and Chapter 19 (Text Mining/Sentiment analysis)
    - See the examples and tools in this article (<u>AI\_QualitativeData\_SentimentAnalysis.pdf</u>)
    - See the R package RQDA (<a href="https://cran.r-project.org/src/contrib/Archive/RQDA/">https://cran.r-project.org/src/contrib/Archive/RQDA/</a>,
       <a href="https://rqda.r-forge.r-project.org/">https://rqda.r-forge.r-project.org/</a>)
  - AI/ML for mixed methods (qualitative-quantitative) data
    - https://m-clark.github.io/mixed-models-with-R/random intercepts.html
    - https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/boral/index.html
    - <a href="http://bbolker.github.io/mixedmodels-misc/glmmFAQ.html">http://bbolker.github.io/mixedmodels-misc/glmmFAQ.html</a>
  - Go over <u>DSPA</u> Chapter 14 (Deep Learning): <a href="https://socr.umich.edu/DSPA2/DSPA2">https://socr.umich.edu/DSPA2/DSPA2</a> notes/14 DeepLearning.html

<u>IDE</u> for development (Eclipse, WebStorm, IntelliJ, Netbeans, ..., <u>RStuio/RMarkdown</u>, <u>Spyder/Py</u>)

# SOCR MDP Project: VirtualHospital/Synthetic Data

SOCR Project Leaders: Simeone Marino, Johnny Liu, Ronak Shetty, Ivo Dinov

Website: https://gray-rain.com

GitHub: ...

Training Modules: <a href="https://www.edx.org/course/health-informatics-data-and-interoperability-stand">https://www.edx.org/course/health-informatics-data-and-interoperability-stand</a>
<a href="https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1hvzoihZMO-6uJIPbObl4rVc\_QDp9i5tD">https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1hvzoihZMO-6uJIPbObl4rVc\_QDp9i5tD</a>

# Description

This project involves developing a Virtual Hospital (VH) and Synthetic Patient (SP) capability to simulate realistic electronic health records including categorical, discrete, continuous, imaging, text and biomedical specimen data. This relates to the unstructured-<u>DataSifter</u>, synthetic text generation, text-obfuscation, and text-mining/inference.

#### Student Skills

- EECS, Stats/Biostats/Math, Computer Science (CSE/CS-LSA) and School of Information (SI)
- UI/UX design, HTML5, JavaScript

## **Project Goals**

- Go through the <u>Training Modules</u>, <u>practice HTML/JS/Angular/Node programming</u>
- Get your GitHub domain going
- Choose 1-2 deliverables, go over current design, start expansion, include unit tests, pilot development
- Coordinate with team

#### **Deliverables**

- HL7/FHIR Interface (see below)
- Learn the current state of the project (Simeone)
- Examine the prior datasets (NHANES, MIMIC, etc.)
- Choose categorical, discrete, continuous, imaging, text and biomedical specimen data and illustrate examples
- Experiment and demo 1,000 VH/SP cases
- Validate VH/SP using machine learning classification, prediction, clustering and analytics modules.

#### **Team Activities**

- Weekly team meetings
- Code review (pull/push Github requests)
- Join/present the SOCR All-Hands Calls (twice a month, SOCR Zoom channel)

- Adopt the <u>HL7 XML Format</u>, examine the "<u>Persona" virtual clinical casebooks</u>, and ensure 2 easy pathways (data portals):
- From-Anywhere Into-VirtualHospital, and
- From VirtualHospital Out-to-Anywhere.
- Data Standards and Formats for Information exchange <u>HL7 Format</u> Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources (FHIR)
- Instrucitons <a href="https://fire.ly/2017/10/31/make-your-first-fhir-client-in-r-within-one-hour/">https://fire.ly/2017/10/31/make-your-first-fhir-client-in-r-within-one-hour/</a>
  - o R Packages:
    - RonFHIR
    - FHIR/Github, install.packages("remotes"); remotes::install\_github("TPeschel/fhiR")
    - <u>Fhircrackr</u> see the <u>fhircrackr vignettes</u> for many great examples, may need to install the more advanced dev-version: devtools::install\_github("POLAR-fhiR/fhircrackr").

- FHIR is a <u>very useful standard</u> to describe and exchange medical data in an interoperable way.
   FHIR is <u>not useful for statistical analyses of data</u>, since FHIR data is stored in many nested and interlinked resources instead of matrix-like DF structures.
- Use the available public servers, <a href="https://hapi.fhir.org/baseR4">https://hapi.fhir.org/baseR4</a> or <a href="http://fhir.hl7.de:8080/baseDstu3">http://fhir.hl7.de:8080/baseDstu3</a> as FHIR server endpoint to connect VH clients to.
- Example of executing a <u>FHIR search</u> of the form <u>[base]/[type]?parameter(s)</u>, where <u>[type]</u> refers to the type of resource you are looking for, and <u>[parameter(s)]</u> characterize specific data-search properties:
  - https://hapi.fhir.org/baseR4/Patient?gender=female

# Documentation/Training

- Read this simple overview or R-based LH7 data XML representation
- o Read this PDF (RonFHIR-Overview-2018-11-15.pdf) .... A must read!
- o Paper (R/**RShiny**/FHIR): https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5939961/
- Synthetic data generation using Variational Auto-encoders/auto-decoders (AE-AD).
- We can explore data augmentation and synthetic generation variational AE-AD neural networks to generate synthetic cases (using the decoder process, i.e., predict function of the NN model) and explore the similarities between the joint distributions of the original data and the synth-data.
- <a href="https://towardsdatascience.com/how-to-generate-new-data-in-machine-learning-with-vae-variational-autoencoder-applied-to-mnist-ca68591acdcf">https://towardsdatascience.com/how-to-generate-new-data-in-machine-learning-with-vae-variational-autoencoder-applied-to-mnist-ca68591acdcf</a>
- <a href="https://towardsdatascience.com/auto-encoder-what-is-it-and-what-is-it-used-for-part-1-3e5c6f017726">https://towardsdatascience.com/auto-encoder-what-is-it-and-what-is-it-used-for-part-1-3e5c6f017726</a>
- https://arxiv.org/ftp/arxiv/papers/1808/1808.06444.pdf
- <a href="https://towardsdatascience.com/autoencoders-for-the-compression-of-stock-market-data-28e8c1a2da3e">https://towardsdatascience.com/autoencoders-for-the-compression-of-stock-market-data-28e8c1a2da3e</a>
- SOCR example https://socr.umich.edu/HTML5/ABIDE Autoencoder/
- Charlatan R package: https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/charlatan/index.html
- **synthpop** package provides synthetic –data generation: <a href="https://www.r-bloggers.com/generating-synthetic-data-sets-with-synthpop-in-r/">https://www.r-bloggers.com/generating-synthetic-data-sets-with-synthpop-in-r/</a> and saves the synthText in diff formats. See this paper.
- stringdist package allows us to compare strings/text: https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/stringdist
- GAN (generative Adversarial Network) models for synthetic image generation: <a href="https://www.r-bloggers.com/conditional-generative-adversarial-network-with-mxnet-r-package/">https://www.r-bloggers.com/conditional-generative-adversarial-network-with-mxnet-r-package/</a>
  - Also see: <a href="https://becominghuman.ai/generative-adversarial-networks-for-text-generation-part-1-2b886c8cab10">https://becominghuman.ai/generative-adversarial-networks-for-text-generation-part-1-2b886c8cab10</a>
- See this medical text-GAN mtGAN (Python) paper: https://arxiv.org/pdf/1812.02793.pdf
- Autoencoder approach: <a href="https://github.com/stas-semeniuta/textvae">https://github.com/stas-semeniuta/textvae</a> and <a href="https://www.aclweb.org/anthology/D17-1066.pdf">https://www.aclweb.org/anthology/D17-1066.pdf</a>
- Update the <u>DataSifterText synthesizer</u> to allow obfuscation and de-novo synth medical notes generation using this newly released Open <u>Asclepius-Synthetic-Clinical</u> (HuggingFace) LLM.
  - https://huggingface.co/datasets/starmpcc/Asclepius-Synthetic-Clinical-Notes
  - Publicly Shareable Clinical Large Language Model Built on Synthetic Clinical Notes
  - Sunjun Kweon, Junu Kim, Jiyoun Kim, Sujeong Im, Eunbyeol Cho, Seongsu Bae, Jungwoo Oh,
     Gyubok Lee, Jong Hak Moon, Seng Chan You, Seungjin Baek, Chang Hoon Han, Yoon Bin Jung,
     Yohan Jo, Edward Choi
  - Note that there is lots of real clinical/medical text data available here: <a href="https://mtsamples.com">https://mtsamples.com</a>, but these appear to be only available one at a time (no bulk download unfortunately), which we can use for various SOCR unstructured-text processing/analytics ....

# NEW VH feature - VirtualHospital - Data Marketplace Exchange (DMX) Blockchain Contracts

- Use the Ether R-package: https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/ether/index.html
- Goal: VH becomes the mediator between data-governors (owning data) and domain-scientists/dataanalysis (experts). Neither of these 2 stakeholders trust each other (or GR/VH for that matter). However, using blockchain technology, GR/VH allows the 2 parties to sign contracts using GR VH/DS technology for data-sharing via statistical obfuscation.
- Once a contract is in place and added to the Ether-contract block-chain, the data-governor can use the VH to obfuscate the data (according to the contract agreement terms, initially likely  $\eta=1$ , for sharing synth data) and share the de-sensitized data with the partner (domain expert).
- Next, the Data-Analyst (expert) can see the data in their GR/VH profile/storage and begin the analytics.
- Finally, the analysts send back reports of their findings to the corresponding data-governors for review
- Based on the results, re-negotiation of contract terms may take place, potentially lowering the obfuscation level ( $0 \le \eta \le 1$ ). This can strengthen partnerships between the stakeholders.

## See these blockchain materials:

- https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1dtQcVKVkJFSKQVPdAboSesQOy2gLBsTg
- PharmaLedger Blockchain Platform
- ...

# **SOCR MDP Project: HTML5/JavaScript**

**SOCR Project Leaders**: Ivo Dinov **Website**: various

GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/SOCR">https://github.com/SOCR</a>

Training Modules: <a href="https://github.com/SOCR/socr-tutorials">https://github.com/SOCR/socr-tutorials</a>

GDrive: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1uZaLGej8NICGfL9NgiFURPvkNIJshQ5F

ReadMe File: https://docs.google.com/document/d/1nyJiJgrDg8wRjEiJumScp50g6ns1SL2CoH8p0fAhsFM/

# I. Kime CircleCloud WebApp index.html

This is a pure JavaScript/HTML5 app that needs some bug-fixing, improvements, and feature enhancements to show the dynamics of the natural attraction-repelling forces.

# II. SOCR\_Vase\_TCIU\_Model.html

This is an R-source (Rmd) that is knitted/exported as pure HTML5/JS.

# III. SOCR\_BivariateNormalDistribution Webapp

<u>How to expand the Bivariate-Normal to any Bivariate Distribution?</u> Define the 2 marginal distributions and use this protocol to specify their association (in terms of the correlation) to derive the joint Bivariate distribution PDF:

https://academic.oup.com/mnras/article/406/3/1830/977873

This is an R-source (Rmd) that is knitted/exported as pure HTML5/JS. Below is a starting JavaScript implementing the basic Bivariate Normal Distribution functions.

We want to expand the current app (see <u>it live here</u> and the <u>code (BVN.zip) is here</u>), to include in addition to the MCMC simulation-based (approximate) calculations, which is already implemented, ADD an exact PDF/CDF based calculations. Include a new check-box to allow the user to specify exact vs. approximate calculation (just like we have for with/without using WebGL for the visualization.

```
var h1=-x*h0;
           var k1=-y*k0;
           var factor=R*R/2;
           s=s+R*h0*k0+factor*h1*k1;
           var n=2;
           while ((n*(1-abs(R))<5) && (n<101)) {
                factor=factor*R/(n+1);
                h2=-x*h1-(n-1)*h0;
                k2=-y*k1-(n-1)*k0;
                s=s+factor*h2*k2;
                h0=h1; k0=k1; h1=h2;
                k1=k2; n=n+1;
           }
           var v=0;
           if (R>.95) {
                v=1-normalCDF(max(h,k))
                s=v+20*(s-v)*(1-R);
           } else if ((R<-.95) \&\& (h+k<0)) {
                v=abs(normalCDF(h)-normalCDF(k))
                s=v+20*(s-v)*(1+R);
           }
    return s;
}
function BVN() {
// The following user inputs are necessary
    X,Y, M1, M2 (means), and S1, S2 (sigmal and sigma 2),
     and Rho (correlation)
    Prob="NaN";
    if ((S1<=0)||(S2<=0)){
      alert("The standard deviations must be positive.")
    } else if ((R<-1)||(R>1)){
      alert("The correlation coefficient must be between -1 and +1.");
    } else {
         h=-(X-M1)/S1;
         k=-(Y-M2)/S2;
         Prob=binormalCDF(h, k, R);
         Prob=Math.round(100000*Prob)/100000;
    return (Prob);
}
```

# **SOCR MDP Project:** Java Applets Code → HTML/JS Apps

SOCR Project Leaders: Ivo Dinov Website: various

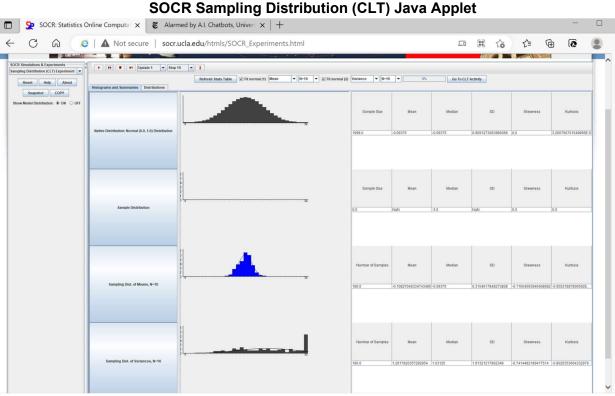
GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/SOCR">https://github.com/SOCR/SOCR-Java</a>

Convert and modernize some of the SOCR Java Applets to modern HTML5/JavaScript apps

# Pilot Project: Start with the SOCR Sampling Distribution (CLT) Java Applet

Only viewable in MS IE (not edge!): (http://socr.ucla.edu/htmls/SOCR Experiments.html)

- https://jse.amstat.org/v16n2/dinov.html
- http://wiki.stat.ucla.edu/socr/index.php/SOCR EduMaterials Activities GeneralCentralLimitTheorem



## Java app source-code:

https://github.com/SOCR/SOCR-Java/tree/master/src/edu/ucla/stat/SOCR/experiments

Additional critical Java Apps to convert to HTML5/JS:

- LLN:
  - http://wiki.stat.ucla.edu/socr/index.php/SOCR EduMaterials ExperimentsActivities
  - http://socr.ucla.edu/htmls/exp/LLN Simple Experiment.html
- CLT
  - http://wiki.stat.ucla.edu/socr/index.php/SOCR EduMaterials ExperimentsActivities
  - o http://socr.ucla.edu/htmls/exp/Sampling Distribution CLT Experiment.html
- $\pi$  and e stochastic estimation experiments:
  - http://socr.ucla.edu/htmls/exp/Uniform E-Estimate Experiment.html
- Polynomial model fitting: http://socr.ucla.edu/Applets.dir/SOCRCurveFitter.html

# **SOCR MDP Project: Convolutional Graph Neural Networks**

SOCR Project Leaders: TBD, Ivo Dinov

Website: TBD GitHub: TBD

# **Description:**

This research project aims to explore graph-based neural networks (e.g., graph convolutional networks, GCN) to analyze biomedical data.

- Papers
  - https://arxiv.org/abs/1901.00596
  - o https://computationalsocialnetworks.springeropen.com/articles/10.1186/s40649-019-0069-y
  - o https://github.com/thunlp/GNNPapers
- Tutorials
  - https://tkipf.github.io/graph-convolutional-networks/
  - https://petar-v.com/talks/GNN-Wednesday.pdf
  - o <a href="https://neptune.ai/blog/graph-neural-network-and-some-of-gnn-applications">https://neptune.ai/blog/graph-neural-network-and-some-of-gnn-applications</a>
- Code
  - https://paperswithcode.com/method/gcn
  - https://paperswithcode.com/search?q meta=&q=graph+neural+networks
- Test data: https://umich.instructure.com/courses/38100/files/folder/Case Studies

# SOCR MDP Project: <u>Topological Data Analysis (TDA)</u>, Persistent Homology, and Betti Numbers for Point-cloud Data

SOCR Project Leaders: Yueyang Shen, Ivo Dinov

Website: TBD GitHub: TBD

Training Modules: see background papers, R-packages, and tutorials listed below

GDrive: <a href="https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1QZLjH\_xN\_SSsrjF2jsc9mDQBUCdDKPIY">https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1QZLjH\_xN\_SSsrjF2jsc9mDQBUCdDKPIY</a>

# **Description:**

This project aims to expand the SOCR lab data analytical capabilities using advanced topological representations. Data are viewed as high-dimensional point clouds. These are interpreted as samples through a high-dimensional manifold which will be modeled using simplicial complexes. Using the simplicial decomposition, we can compute persistent homology, Betti numbers, and derive other topological metrics that can be used for classification, regression and clustering.

#### References:

- Papers
  - https://www.ams.org/journals/notices/201905/rnoti-p686.pdf
  - https://arxiv.org/pdf/1705.02037.pdf
  - https://arxiv.org/pdf/1812.02987.pdf
- Tutorials
  - See DSPA Chapter 5:
    - http://www.socr.umich.edu/people/dinov/courses/DSPA notes/05 DimensionalityReduction.html
  - http://www.stat.cmu.edu/~jisuk/files/20180613 SoCG Jisu KIM TDA slide.pdf
- R-Code
  - https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/TDA/TDA.pdf
  - https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/TDAstats/TDAstats.pdf
- Test data: https://umich.instructure.com/courses/38100/files/folder/Case Studies

# Topological, Fiber-Bundles, and Differential-Geometric approaches to Data Science

- Flag Manifolds, see nested Flag vector spaces and Canonical Correlation Analysis (CCA) (DS applications)
- Grassmann Manifolds, see; Foundations of Grassmann manifold
- Comparing datasets using flag-manifolds.

# Algebraic Data Analysis (ADA)

- Similarly to TDA, try to design a new Dataset → Algebraic Group, Ring or Field mapping that transforms
  each dataset into a mathematical object (e.g., a Lie group like SO(n,F) with a corresponding Lie algebra
  so(n,F) ...
- See:
  - https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/stamp/stamp.jsp?arnumber=9259191
  - o http://www.cs.technion.ac.il/~ron/PAPERS/Conference/RosBroBroKim3DOR2012.pdf
  - https://arxiv.org/pdf/1912.00396.pdf

# **SOCR MDP Project: Novel Al/ML Techniques**

SOCR Project Leaders: Yueyang Shen, Simeone Marino, Ivo Dinov

Website: TBD GitHub: TBD

**Training Modules**: see background papers, R-packages, and tutorials listed below

GDrive: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1CSg6xxcwYsjRSV1AjgFNjm1dfTQ5jxeS

# **Description:**

This project aims to build new <u>reinforcement-learning</u>-based and <u>deep neural network</u>-based techniques for representation of complex high-dimensional data and for clustering, classification, interpolation, extrapolation, forecasting, and prediction.

#### References:

- Papers
  - See Project partition:
    - https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1CSg6xxcwYsjRSV1AjgFNjm1dfTQ5jxeS
  - See this talk: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8QLDXITiRII
  - <a href="https://h2o.gitbooks.io/h2o-tutorials/content/tutorials/ensembles-stacking/">https://h2o.gitbooks.io/h2o-tutorials/content/tutorials/ensembles-stacking/</a> (DNN + SuperLearner)
- Tutorials
  - See DSPA Appendix: https://dspa.predictive.space
- R-Code
  - 0 ...
- Test data:
  - https://HealthGym.ai/datasets/
  - https://umich.instructure.com/courses/38100/files/folder/Case Studies
  - https://github.com/openmedlab/Awesome-Medical-Dataset?tab=readme-ov-file
- Review these concepts:
  - o https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Backpropagation
  - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Invariant\_subspace
  - Learn to compress and compress to learn
  - DSPA: dspa2.predictive.space

**Demos**: Here are some specific examples we can consider implementing using QL in the Appendix:

- Puzzle: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/15\_puzzle
- <u>Nonlinear function optimization</u> like this DSPA example: https://socr.umich.edu/people/dinov/courses/DSPA notes/21 FunctionOptimization.html#93 Convexity
- Games:
  - 2048: <a href="https://towardsdatascience.com/a-puzzle-for-ai-eb7a3cb8e599">https://towardsdatascience.com/a-puzzle-for-ai-eb7a3cb8e599</a> and https://github.com/voice32/2048 RL
  - o Snake: https://towardsdatascience.com/how-to-teach-an-ai-to-play-games-deep-reinforcement-learning-28f9b920440a
  - Atari: <a href="https://becominghuman.ai/lets-build-an-atari-ai-part-1-dqn-df57e8ff3b26">https://becominghuman.ai/lets-build-an-atari-ai-part-1-dqn-df57e8ff3b26</a> and datasets (<a href="https://paperswithcode.com/task/atari-qames">https://paperswithcode.com/task/atari-qames</a>)
- Some harder problems are included here: <a href="https://analyticsindiamag.com/reinforcement-learning-top-state-of-the-art-games-alphago/">https://analyticsindiamag.com/reinforcement-learning-top-state-of-the-art-games-alphago/</a>